

FORM PTO-1390 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NO. PHN 17,547
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		U.S. Application No. 09/1787339 (10/19/99) (35 U.S.C. 371)
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/EPO006588	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE JULY 11, 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED JULY 20, 1999
TITLE OF INVENTION RECORD CARRIER CARRYING A STEREO SIGNAL AND A DATA SIGNAL		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US ARNOLDUS WERNER JOHANNES OOMEN, LEON MARIA VAN DE KERKHOF		
<p>Applicant(s) herewith submit to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. <input type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). <input type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(2)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). <input type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendment to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). <p>Items 11. to 16. below concern document(s) or information included:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.98. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet is compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3.28 and 3.31 is included. <input type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> AUTHORIZATION PURSUANT TO 37 CFR 1.136(a)(3) TWO (2) SHEETS OF FORMAL DRAWINGS APPLICATION AS PUBLISHED (WO 01/06509) 		

CERTIFICATE OF EXPRESS MAILING

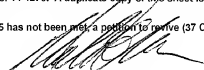
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U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5)		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER	
097787339		PCT/EP00/06588		PHN 17,547	
17 [X] The following fees are submitted:				CALCULATIONS (PTO USE ONLY)	
BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 C.F.R. 1.492(A)(1)-(5)):					
Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO \$940.00					
International preliminary-examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) \$720.00					
No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) \$760.00					
Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) nor international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO \$970.00					
International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 C.F.R. 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) \$ 96.00					
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$970.00	
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(e)).				\$	
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total Claims	26 - 20 =	6	X \$ 18.00	\$108.00	
Independent claims	3 - 3 =		X \$ 78.00	\$	
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable)			+ \$270.00	\$270.00	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$1,348.00	
Reductions by 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 C.F.R. 1.9, 1.27, 1.28)				\$	
SUBTOTAL =				\$	
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than [] 20 [] 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(f)).				\$	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$1,348.00	
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 C.F.R. 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 C.F.R. 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property +				\$40.00	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$1,388.00	
				Amount to be refunded	\$
				charged	\$
<p>a. [] A check in the amount \$_____ to cover the above fees is enclosed.</p> <p>b. [X] Please charge my Deposit Account No. 14-1270 in the amount of <u>\$1,388.00</u> to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p> <p>c. [X] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fee, with the exception of the Base Issue Fee, which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 14-1270. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.</p>					
<p>NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 C.F.R. 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 C.F.R. 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.</p>					
<p>SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:</p> <p>Corporate Patent Counsel Philips Electronics North America Corporation 580 White Plains Road Tarrytown, NY 10591</p>					
<p>DATE OF MAILING: March 16, 2001</p>					
<p>(SIGNATURE)  Michael E. Marion NAME 33,357 (REGISTRATION NUMBER)</p>					

Record carrier carrying a stereo signal and a data signal.

The invention relates to a record carrier carrying a stereo signal and a data signal, said stereo signal being recorded in a first channel on the record carrier.

The invention further relates to a method of recording the stereo signal and the data signal on said record carrier, to a recording apparatus carrying out the method and to a reproducing apparatus for reproducing the stereo signal and the data signal.

A record carrier and apparatuses defined above are known from EP-A-0 372 601. The first channel on the known record carrier has a constant data capacity for carrying the stereo signal and the data signal. Said document describes a general method for burying the data signal in the stereo signal. Sometimes the data capacity of the first channel is not sufficient to carry both the stereo signal and the data signal without losing too much signal quality.

It is an object of the invention to provide a record carrier able to carry a stereo signal and a data signal with increased data capacity for the stereo signal and the data signal.

The record carrier in accordance with the invention is characterized in that the data signal comprises a first portion and a remaining portion, said first portion being combined with said stereo signal to obtain a composite signal being recorded in said first channel on said record carrier and the remaining portion being recorded in a second channel on said record carrier.

In an embodiment of the record carrier, the record carrier is characterized in that said first channel is represented by first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier and said second channel is represented by second variations of a second physical parameter of the record carrier, said second physical parameter differing from said first physical parameter.

The recording method in accordance with the invention is defined as claimed in claim 12 to 17. The recording apparatus in accordance with the invention is the subject of

claim 18 and the reproducing apparatus in accordance with the invention is the subject of the claims 19 to 26.

The invention is based on the recognition that realizing a second channel on a record carrier enables an increase of the data capacity for recording the stereo signal and the data signal on the record carrier. Such increased data capacity can be used to enable the recording of a data signal with an increased data rate. It might be possible to record a multichannel signal in addition to the stereo signal on the record carrier. For example by using the buried channel techniques a buried channel is generated in the stereo signal for accommodating the first portion of the data signal. In some cases the data capacity in the first channel is not sufficient to carry the entire data signal. Therefore the second channel is used for carrying a remaining portion of the data signal. It should be noted that a record carrier with such second channel is known from USP 5,210,738 and USP 5,724,327 (PHN 13922). However, said documents do not mention that the data capacity of the buried channel is not sufficient to carry the data signal. Neither do said documents give a solution to increase the data capacity on the record carrier needed for carrying the data signal.

These and other aspects of the invention will be apparent from and elucidated with respect to the embodiments described hereafter in the figure description in which

Figure 1 shows an embodiment of a recording apparatus,

Figure 2 shows an embodiment of a reproducing apparatus,

Figure 3 shows another embodiment of the first and second writing means in the recording apparatus of figure 1,

Figure 4 shows another embodiment of the first and second reading means in the reproducing apparatus of figure 2,

Figure 5 shows a second embodiment of the first and second writing means in the recording apparatus of figure 1,

Figure 6 shows a second embodiment of the first and second writing means in the reproducing apparatus of figure 2.

Figure 1 shows a first embodiment of the recording apparatus in accordance with the invention. The recording apparatus is adapted for recording a stereo signal and a data signal, said data signal being a multichannel extension signal. The multichannel extension

signal comprises at least one signal such as a center signal, a monophonic surround signal, a surround left signal, a surround right signal or a quadrophonic signal. The apparatus comprises first input terminal 2 for receiving a stereo signal and second input terminal 4 for receiving a multichannel extension signal. The stereo signal and the multichannel extension signal are preferably sampled at a frequency of 44.1 kHz. The second input terminal is coupled to an input 6 of a data-compressing unit 8. The data-compressing unit is adapted to compress the multichannel extension signal and to supply a data compressed multichannel extension signal to an output 10. The specific type of data compressing carried out in the data-compressing unit is not essential for the invention. The output 10 of the data-compressing unit 8 is coupled to input 12 of a splitting unit 14. The splitting unit 14 is adapted to split the received compressed multichannel extension signal into a first portion for supplying to a first output 16 and a remaining portion for supplying to a second output 18. The apparatus further comprises a combining unit 20 with a first input 22 coupled to the first input terminal 2, a second input 24 coupled to the first output 16 of the splitting unit 14 and an output 26. The combining unit is arranged for combining the received stereo signal and the first portion of the compressed multichannel extension signal, preferably by using buried data techniques. Buried data techniques are well known in the art. These techniques make it possible to bury a data channel in the stereo signal. When the stereo signal, for example, contains a left and right channel each consisting of 16 bits/sample, a data channel with an average capacity of 5 bits/sample can be obtained without decreasing the perceptual audio quality of the 16 bits/sample of the left and right signal. Another suitable method is disclosed in EP-A-0 372 601. Said document discloses the so-called hidden channel method for burying additional information in a digital audio signal.

The apparatus is provided with first writing unit 28. Input 30 of the first writing unit is coupled to the output 26 of the combining unit 20. The first writing unit is adapted to write the received combination of the stereo signal and the first portion of the data compressed multichannel signal in a first channel of a record carrier 32. The record carrier is preferably a standard audio CD and the written stereo signal in the first channel can be reproduced by a conventional CD player. The first channel is in that case formed by optical detectable marks in a track, whereby the optically detectable marks are in the form of so-called pits.

The apparatus is further provided with second writing unit 34. Input 36 of the writing unit 34 is coupled to the second output 18 of the splitting unit 14. The second writing unit is adapted to write the remaining portion received at the input 36 in a second channel of

the record carrier 32. The second channel is preferably written by variations of the track. In USP 5,724,327 some embodiments of the second channel are disclosed.

The functioning of the apparatus will now be described in greater detail. The second input terminal 4 receives the multichannel extension signal. The multichannel extension signal comprises for example a left signal, a right signal, a center signal, a surround left signal and a surround right signal and has a sample frequency of 44.1 kHz. Next the multichannel extension signal is data compressed by the data-compressing unit 8. The compressing unit preferably comprises a perceptual encoder, such as an MPEG-2 audio encoder, for compressing the multichannel extension signal to obtain the data compressed multichannel extension signal. A data compressed multichannel extension signal in the form of a MPEG stream generated by a normal MPEG 2 audio encoder requires for a good signal quality a bit-rate of 384 Kbits/sec. More complex MPEG encoders can provide a MPEG stream comprising high quality signals at 320 Kbits/s.

The stereo signal received at the first input terminal 2 is supplied to a combination unit 20. The stereo signal comprises a left signal and a right signal and a sample frequency of 44.1 kHz. The left signal in the stereo signal can be any combination of a left signal, a center signal and a surround left signal or mono surround signal and the right signal in the stereo signal can be any combination of a right signal, a center signal and a surround right signal or mono surround signal. In the combination unit 20 the stereo signal is analyzed with for example buried data techniques to determine bits in the signal that can be used for a buried data channel without decreasing the perceptual quality of the stereo signal. For a standard audio CD the left signal as well as the right signal has 16 bits/sample. By using buried data techniques, burying a data signal in the stereo signal to be stored on the record carrier, typically, an additional capacity of about 30% of the CD capacity becomes available for any data signal. On average this data capacity is 5 bits/sample. The minimum data capacity is 2 bits/sample and is obtained for very low level signals. Thus the data capacity of the buried channel is on average $2 \times 5 \times 44.1 \text{ kHz} = 441 \text{ kbits/s}$ and minimal 176.4 kbits per second. The minimum data capacity by using buried data techniques ($=176.4 \text{ kbits/s}$) is thus not enough to carry a data compressed multichannel extension signal in the form of a MPEG stream with a good signal quality ($=384 \text{ kbits/s}$).

As mentioned before a second channel on the record carrier is available. USP 5,724,327 (PHN 13.922) discloses some embodiments of a second channel. If an audio sample comprises 16 bits, a data capacity near to 2-bits/audio sample can be obtained by variations in the width of optical detectable marks. Thus for a standard audio CD this means a

capacity of $2 \times 2 \times 44.1 \text{ kHz} = 176.4 \text{ kbits/s}$. Together with the capacity of the buried channel in the first channel the record carrier can carry at least a signal with a bitrate of 352.8 kbits/s and on average a bitrate of 617.4 kbits/s . This total capacity is sufficient to carry most MPEG streams with a good quality generated by a MPEG 2 audio encoder.

To distribute the data compressed multichannel extension signal over the buried data channel in the stereo signal and the second channel, the data compressed multichannel extension signal is split by the splitting unit 14 in a first portion and a remaining portion. The splitting is preferably done by demultiplexing of the data compressed multichannel extension signal. The multiplexing could be done by repetitively applying five bytes of the data compressed multichannel extension signal to the first portion and applying two bytes to the remaining portion. It is also possible to have an adaptive multiplexer, where the distribution is adaptively controlled. The first portion is supplied to the combining unit 24 and is combined by using for example the buried data techniques with the stereo signal to obtain a composite signal. The first writing unit writes the composite signal in the first channel on the record carrier. The first channel could be written on the record carrier by first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier, for example in the form of optical detectable marks which alternate with intermediate areas. The optically detectable marks may be in the form of so-called pits on a standard CD. The optically detectable marks are arranged along a track. The second writing unit writes the remaining portion in the second channel on the record carrier. The second channel could be written on the record carrier by second variations of a second physical parameter, for example in the form of variations of the optical detectable mark transverse to the track direction such as variation of the width of the marks.

An advantage of the recording apparatus in accordance with the invention is that it produces record carriers, for example CD's, that can be used in CD players in accordance with the current CD standard to reproduce the stereo signal. Said CD players can only read the first channel and thus the composite signal. The composite signal is in the form of a stereo signal. By using the buried data techniques the perceptual quality level of the stereo signal in the composite signal is not decreased. As a result of which a customer will hear almost the same signal quality as the quality of the stereo signal that does not have a buried data channel.

Another advantage of the record carrier in accordance with the invention is that the whole content on the record carrier can not be copied with normal CD recorders on the market today. Those CD recorders are able to read the first channel and not able to read the second channel. A copy made by said CD recorders will only contain the composite signal and

thus only the first portion of the multichannel extension signal. As a result, the multichannel data signal cannot be reproduced from said copy, thus providing a copy-protection means.

Figure 2 shows a first embodiment of the reproducing apparatus for reproducing a stereo signal and a data signal from a record carrier in accordance with the invention. The data signal in this embodiment is a multichannel extension signal. The apparatus comprises a first reading unit 40 for reading a composite signal written in a first channel on a record carrier 42 and supplying the composite signal to an output 44. This first channel is preferably in the form of a channel that carries the 16 bit/sample stereo signal on a standard CD. The output 44 of the first reading unit 40 is coupled via a converting unit 74 to a first output terminal 46 of the apparatus. The converting unit converts the composite signal into the stereo signal. The first output terminal 46 could be coupled to, for example a power amplifier, an equalizer or speakers.

The output 44 of the first reading unit 40 is further coupled to an input 48 of the extracting unit 50. The extracting unit 50 is adapted to extract a first portion of a data compressed multichannel extension signal from the composite signal received at the input 48, and to supply the first portion to an output 52.

The apparatus further comprises a second reading unit 54 for reading a remaining portion of the data compressed multichannel signal written in a second channel on the record carrier 42 and supplying the remaining portion to an output 56. The second channel is preferably in the form of second variation of a second physical parameter of the record carrier whereby the second variation of the second physical parameter differs from a first variation of a first physical parameter used for carrying the first channel on the record carrier. USP 5,724,327 (PHN 13.922) discloses some possible embodiments of the second channel. Said document discloses variation of the position of a track on the record carrier, variation of the width or depth of pits in the track or variations of the frequency of the recovered data clock. The second reading unit is adapted to detect said second physical parameter, and to supply the remaining portion in response to said detected second physical parameter. The output 56 of the second reading unit 54 is coupled to a first input 58 of a combination unit 60. The output 52 of the extraction unit 50 is coupled to a second input 62 of the combination unit 60. The combination unit 60 is adapted to combine the first portion of the data compressed multichannel extension signal and the remaining portion of the data compressed multichannel extension signal received at the second and first input respectively, and to generate the multichannel extension signal for supplying to a output 64. The output 64 is coupled to an input 66 of decompressing unit 68.

The decompressing unit 68 is adapted to decompress the data compressed multichannel extension signal received at the input 66 into a multichannel extension signal. An output 70 of the decompressing unit is coupled to a second output terminal 72 of the apparatus. The second output terminal 72 could be coupled to a power amplifier, an equalizer or a speaker system.

The functioning of the reproducing apparatus will now be described in greater detail. The record carrier 42 carrying the stereo signal and the multichannel extension signal comprises a first channel carrying a composite signal comprising the stereo signal and a first portion of the multichannel extension signal, and a second channel carrying a remaining portion of the multichannel extension signal. The first channel is represented by first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier and the second channel is represented by second variations of a second physical parameter. The first channel is preferably as on a standard CD, carrying a stereo signal. The first reading unit 40 reads the composite signal from the first channel of the record carrier by detecting first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier. The composite signal comprises the stereo signal and the first portion of a data compressed multichannel signal. Thus the composite signal can be supplied directly to the first output terminal for reproduction of the stereo signal. In that case the conversion unit 74 is unnecessary. The extraction unit 50 is arranged for extracting the first data compressed multichannel extension signal from the composite signal.

The second reading unit 54 reads the remaining portion of the data compressed multichannel extension signal from the second channel by detecting second variations of a second physical parameter of the record carrier. If the variations of the second physical parameter have the form of variations of the width of the optical detectable marks, the variations in the width of the mark result in an additional intensity modulation in a radiation beam scanning the track. In a standard CD player only the intensity modulation due to the variations of the first physical parameter can be detected from the radiation beam. An arrangement for detecting the second channel in the form of variations of the track positions in a direction transverse to the track direction is described in US 5,724,327. The combining unit 60 is adapted to combine the first portion of the data compressed multichannel extension signal and the remaining portion. The combining unit 60 performs preferably the multiplexing of the first portion and the remaining portion to obtain the data compressed multichannel extension signal. The data compressed multichannel extension signal can be an MPEG 2 audio stream generated by an MPEG-2 audio encoder. The multichannel extension signal comprises for example a left signal, a right signal, a center signal, a surround left signal and a surround

right signal. The multichannel extension signal is applied to the second output terminal for reproduction by for example a speaker system.

Figure 3 shows another embodiment of the first and second writing means in the recording apparatus of figure 1. A channel modulation unit 302 receives the composite signal supplied to its input and processes the composite signal to obtain a sequence of m-bit channel words. Preferably the channel modulation unit comprises an $n - m$ channel modulator. A generator unit 304 receives the remaining portion supplied to its input and generates p merging bits in response to said remaining portion. An unit 306 receives the sequence of m-bit channel words and p merging bits and inserts the p merging bits between adjacent m-bit channel word to obtain a signal to be written on the record carrier 32. The p merging bits are normally used to prevent (d,k) constraint violations between adjacent channel words and for the additional task of DC control. A method for generating p merging bits carrying an additional signal and preventing for (d,k) constraints violations between adjacent channel words is described in the non pre-published patent application EP 99202061.0 (PHN 17.520).

The data capacity for the additional signal thus obtained, is used to carry the remaining portion. The first writing unit 28 in the apparatus of figure 1 comprises the units with reference number 302 and 306. The second writing unit 34 in the apparatus of figure 1 comprises the units with reference number 302 and 306.

Figure 4 shows another embodiment of the first and second reading means in the reproducing apparatus of figure 2. A unit 402 reads a reproduction signal from the record carrier 32. The reproduction signal comprises a sequence of m-bit channel words with p merging bits between each time adjacent m-bit channel words. The unit 402 split said reproduction signal into a sequence of m-bit channel words and said p merging bits. The sequence of m-bit channel words is supplied to a channel demodulator unit 404 arranged for preferably $m - n$ channel modulation to obtain the composite signal. The composite signal, which is in the form of a standard digital stereo signal, is supplied to output terminal 44. The p merging bits are supplied to a processing unit 406. The processing unit 406 is arranged for processing the p merging bits to obtain the remaining portion for supplying to output terminal 56. The first reading unit 40 in the apparatus of figure 2 comprises the units with reference number 402 and 404. The second reading unit 54 in the apparatus of figure 2 comprises the units with reference number 402 and 406.

Figure 5 shows a second embodiment of the first and second writing means in the recording apparatus of figure 1. A processing unit 502 receives the composite signal supplied to its input and processes the composite signal to obtain a sequence of q byte blocks.

The processing unit can comprise a cross-interleaved Reed-Solomon encoder. The value of q is 32 for the standard CD format. A subcode encoder 504 receives the remaining portion supplied to its input and generates an r byte subcode in response to said remaining portion.

The subcode in the standard CD format is essentially an auxiliary data stream. At least one bit of said r byte subcode such as the U-subcode is obtained in response to the remaining portion.

An unit 506 receives the sequence of q byte blocks and said r byte subcode and inserts the r byte subcode between adjacent m -bit channel word to obtain a signal to be written on the record carrier 32. Preferably prior to writing said signal on the record carrier, the signal is channel encoded by for example an EFM encoder. The first writing unit 28 in the apparatus of figure 1 comprises the units with reference number 502 and 506. The second writing unit 34 in the apparatus of figure 1 comprises the units with reference number 502 and 506.

Figure 6 shows a second embodiment of the first and second writing means in the reproducing apparatus of figure 2. A unit 602 reads a reproduction signal from the record carrier 32. The reproduction signal comprises a sequence of q byte blocks with r byte subcodes between each time adjacent q byte blocks. The unit 602 split said reproduction signal into a sequence of q byte blocks and said r byte subcodes. The splitting is based upon the physical position of q byte blocks and the subcodes in the reproduced signal. The sequence of q byte blocks is supplied to a processing unit 604 arranged for processing the sequence of q byte blocks to obtain the composite signal. The processing unit may perform the operations Reed-Solomon decoding and de-cross-interleaving. The composite signal, which is in the form of a standard digital stereo signal, is supplied to output terminal 44. The r byte subcodes are supplied to a processing unit 606. The processing unit 606 is arranged for processing the r byte subcodes to obtain the remaining portion from at least one bit of the r byte subcodes. The remaining portion is supplied to output terminal 56. The first reading unit 40 in the apparatus of figure 2 comprises the units with reference number 602 and 604. The second reading unit 54 in the apparatus of figure 2 comprises the units with reference number 602 and 606.

Whilst the invention is described with reference to preferred embodiments thereof, it is to be understood that these are not limiting examples. Thus various modifications may become apparent to those skilled in the art, without departing from the scope of the invention, as defined by the claims. As an example, the multichannel extension signal comprising the left signal, right signal, center signal, surround left signal and surround right signal could be an extension signal comprising pictures, video or computer data. Further, in an alternative embodiment the splitting unit could be arranged to scramble the data compressed multichannel extension signal into a scrambled signal and to generate a first portion

comprising the scrambled signal and a remaining portion comprising a scrambling key. In another embodiment of the record carrier the first portion comprises the center signal and the remaining portion comprises the surround left signal and surround right signal. Other channel modulators as the mention n to m modulator may be used.

- 5 The word 'comprising' does not exclude the presence of other elements or steps than those listed in a claim. Any reference signs do not limit the scope of the claims. The invention can be implemented by means of both hardware and software. Several "means may be represented by the same item of hardware. Further the invention lies in each and every novel feature or combination of features.

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CLAIMS:

1. A record carrier carrying a stereo signal and a data signal, said stereo signal being recorded in a first channel, characterized in that the data signal comprises a first portion and a remaining portion, said first portion being combined with said stereo signal to obtain a composite signal being recorded in said first channel on said record carrier and the remaining
5 portion being recorded in a second channel on said record carrier.

2. The record carrier as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that said first portion being combined with said stereo signal by using buried data techniques.

10 3. The record carrier as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the data signal comprises a data compressed multichannel extension signal being a representation of a multichannel extension signal.

15 4. The record carrier as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the multichannel extension signal comprises a center channel signal.

5. The record carrier as claimed in claim 3 or 4, characterized in that the multichannel extension signal comprises a surround left signal and a surround right signal.

20 6. The record carrier as claimed in claim 3, 4 or 5, characterized in that the data compressed multichannel extension signal is a perceptually encoded representation of the multichannel extension signal.

25 7. The record carrier as claimed in claim 3, 4, 5 or 6 characterized in that the first portion represents a partial representation of the multichannel extension signal.

8. The record carrier as claimed in any of the preceding claims characterized in that said first channel is represented by first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier and said second channel is represented by second variations of a second physical

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parameter of the record carrier, said second physical parameter differing from said first physical parameter.

9. The record carrier as claimed in any of claim 1 to 7, characterized in that said composite signal in said first channel and said remaining portion in said second channel being obtained by n to m channel modulation of the composite signal into a sequence of m -bit channel words, insertion of p merging bits between said m -bit channel words, said merging bits being modified in response to said remaining portion.

10. The record carrier as claimed in any of claim 1 to 7, characterized in that said composite signal in said first channel and said remaining portion in said second channel being obtained by processing the composite signal into a sequence of q byte blocks, insertion of a r byte subcode between said q byte blocks, at least one bit of said r byte subcode being obtained in response to said remaining portion.

11. The record carrier as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that said composite signal in said first channel and said remaining portion in said second channel being obtained by further channel encoding of the sequence of q byte blocks and r byte subcodes

12. Method for recording a stereo signal and a data signal on a record carrier comprising the steps:

- writing said stereo signal in a first channel on the record carrier
- characterized in that the method further comprises the steps:
 - splitting the data extension signal into a first portion and a remaining portion,
- writing said remaining portion of said data signal in a second channel on the record carrier,
- combining said first portion to said stereo signal prior to writing said stereo signal in said first channel to obtain a composite signal
- writing the composite signal in the first channel.

13. Method as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that the combining step is performed by using buried data techniques.

14. Method as claimed in claim 12 or 13, characterized in that the method further comprises the step data compressing a multichannel extension signal into the data signal.

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15. Method as claimed in anyone of claim 12 to 14, characterized in that the first channel is written on the record carrier by first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier and that the second channel is written on the record carrier by second variations of a second physical parameter of the record carrier, said second physical parameter differing from said first physical parameter.

16. Method as claimed in any of claim 12 to 14, characterized in that the method further comprises the steps n to m channel modulation of the composite signal to obtain a sequence of m-bit channel words, generating p merging bits in response to said remaining portion, inserting said p merging bits between said m-bit channel words and writing the thus obtained signal on the record carrier.

17. Method as claimed in any of claim 12 to 14, characterized in that the method further comprises the steps processing the composite signal into a sequence of q byte blocks, generating at least one bit in response to said remaining portion for insertion in a r byte subcode, inserting said r byte subcode between said q byte blocks and writing the thus obtained signal on the record carrier.

18. Recording apparatus for carrying out the method as claimed in anyone of the claims 12 to 17.

19. Reproducing apparatus for reproducing a stereo signal and a data signal from a record carrier, comprising

- first reading means for reading a first reproduction signal from a first channel on the record carrier,

characterized in that the apparatus further comprises

- means for extracting a first portion of the data signal from the first reproduction signal,

- second reading means for reading a remaining portion of the data signal from a second channel on the record carrier,

- combining means for combining the first portion and the remaining portion to obtain the data signal

- means for converting the first reproduction signal into said stereo signal.

20. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in claim 19 characterized in that the extraction means are adapted for extracting the first portion of the data signal from the first reproducing signal by using buried data techniques.

- 5 21. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in claim 19 or 20, characterized in that the data signal comprises a data compressed multichannel extension signal, whereby the apparatus further comprises
- decompressing means for decompressing the data compressed multichannel extension signal into a multichannel extension signal.

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22. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in claim 21, characterized in that the multichannel extension signal comprises a center channel signal.

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23. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in claim 21 or 22, characterized in that the multichannel extension signal comprises a surround left signal and a surround right signal.

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24. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in any of claim 19 to 23, characterized in that the first reading means are arranged for reading the stereo signal from the first channel by detecting first variations of a first physical parameter of the record carrier and that the second reading means are arranged for reading the remaining part of the data signal from the second channel by detecting second variations of a second physical parameter of the record carrier, said second physical parameter differing from said first physical parameter.

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25. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in any of claim 19 to 23, characterized in that said first reading means comprises means for splitting said first reproduction signal into a sequence of m-bit channel words and p merging bits, the converting means comprises means for m - n channel demodulation of said m-bit channel words to obtain the composite signal, and said second reading means comprises means for processing said p merging bits to obtain said remaining portion.

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26. Reproducing apparatus as claimed in any of claim 19 to 23, characterized in that said first reading means comprises means for splitting said reproduction signal into a sequence of q byte blocks and r byte subcodes, processing means for processing said q-byte

blocks to obtain the composite signal, and said second reading means comprises means for processing at least one bit from said r byte subcodes to obtain said remaining portion.

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109780.0228260

ABSTRACT:

The invention relates to a record carrier carrying a stereo signal and a data signal. The data signal comprises a first portion and a remaining portion. A first channel on the record carrier comprises a composite signal. The composite signal is obtained by combining the stereo signal and the first portion of the data signal, preferably by using buried data techniques. A second channel on the record carrier comprises the remaining portion of the data signal.

The invention further relates to a method, a recording apparatus and a reproducing apparatus for recording/reproducing the stereo signal and the data signal on a record carrier.

Fig. 1

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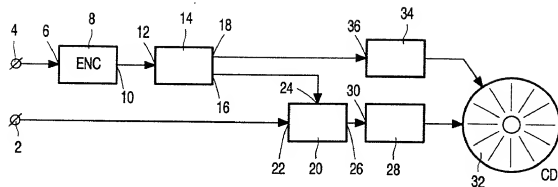


FIG. 1

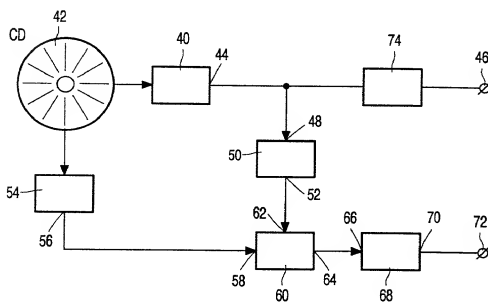


FIG. 2

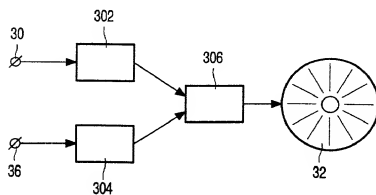


FIG. 3

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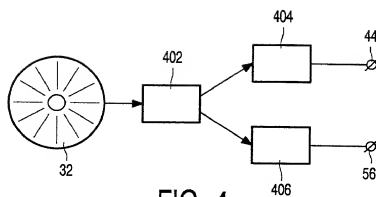


FIG. 4

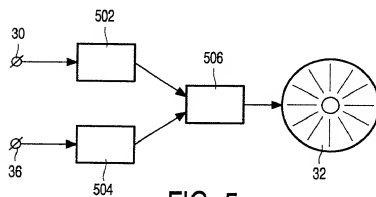


FIG. 5

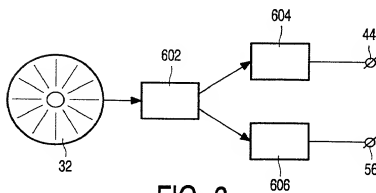


FIG. 6

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
(includes Reference to PCT International Applications)

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET
NUMBER
PHN 17.547 US

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **"Record carrier carrying a stereo signal and a data signal"**
the specification of which (check only one item below):

☐ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed as United States application

Serial No _____

on _____

and was amended

on _____

☒ was filed as PCT international application

Number PCT/EP00/06588

on 11 July 2000

and was amended under PCT Article 19

on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATION(S) AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119:

COUNTRY	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING DAY, MONTH, YEAR	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 USC 119
Europe	99202383.8	20 July 1999	YES

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE -Patent and Trademarks Office
(July 1994)

Combined Declaration For Patent Application and Power of Attorney (Continued) (includes Reference to PCT International Applications)	Attorneys Docket Number PHN 17.547 US
POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. (List name and registration number)	

Algy Tamoshunas Reg. No. 27,677 Jack E. Haken, Reg. No. 26,902	Direct Telephone Calls to: (name and telephone number) (914)332-0222
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100	201	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR OOMEN RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP Eindhoven POST OFFICE ADDRESS Prof. Holstlaan 6	FAMILY NAME OOMEN CITY Eindhoven POST OFFICE ADDRESS Prof. Holstlaan 6	FIRST GIVEN NAME Arnoldus STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY The Netherlands NL X CITY 5656 AA Eindhoven	SECOND GIVEN NAME Werner Johannes COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP The Netherlands STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY The Netherlands
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203		FULL NAME OF INVENTOR RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP POST OFFICE ADDRESS	FAMILY NAME CITY POST OFFICE ADDRESS	FIRST GIVEN NAME STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY CITY	SECOND GIVEN NAME COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
204		FULL NAME OF INVENTOR RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP POST OFFICE ADDRESS	FAMILY NAME CITY POST OFFICE ADDRESS	FIRST GIVEN NAME STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY CITY	SECOND GIVEN NAME COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
205		FULL NAME OF INVENTOR RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP POST OFFICE ADDRESS	FAMILY NAME CITY POST OFFICE ADDRESS	FIRST GIVEN NAME STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY CITY	SECOND GIVEN NAME COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 if Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 201 CITY	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 202 CITY	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 203 CITY
DATE 8 February 2001	DATE 8 February 2001	DATE
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 204 CITY	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 205 CITY	
DATE	DATE	

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(July 1994)